

**What should I already know?**

- Where Greece is and that it has been around for many years.
- That the Olympics came from the Ancient Greeks.
- Some of the Greek gods and myths such as Zeus and Hercules

**What will I know by the end?**

- When the Ancient Greek period in history was compared to other periods we have studied.
- How the Ancient Greeks have influenced our society today
- How to find out information from using both primary and secondary sources.

**Where is Greece**



**Historical Skills and Enquiry**

- Understanding of Ancient Greece.
- Similarities and differences.
- Historical enquiry to find out what life was like in Ancient Greece.
- Interpretation of historical sources and what we can learn from them.

**Vocabulary**

- Chronology**—Putting something in order by time.
- Civilization**—Civilisation is used to describe a human society with well-developed rules and government, often where technology and the arts are considered important
- Democracy**—Democracy is a system where the citizens of a country or state are involved in the way it is run.
- Ancient**—Belonging to the very distant past generally thousands of years ago.
- Primary source**—Information and objects that come from the time being studied.
- Secondary source**—Interpretations of information and objects which are produced after the time being studied.
- Olympics**— A competition between the world of different sporting events which happens every 4 years.
- Athens**—The centre of the Ancient Greek world which went on to become the capital of modern Greece.
- Mount Olympus**—The home of the Greek gods and goddess
- Gods and goddess**—The males were the gods for the Greeks and the females were the goddess for the Greeks
- Acropolis**—A highly rocky mound in Athens that is home to many temples including the Parthenon.
- Parthenon** - The temple that sits atop the Acropolis in Athens.
- Sparta**—A famous city state that focussed on a strong military and total discipline.
- Myths**—The stories that the Ancient Greeks told about their gods. They often explained events or gave reasons for

